

SHOCK (MEDICAL) - HYPOTENSION/SEPSIS	
ADULT	PEDIATRIC (≤34KG)
BLS	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Universal Protocol #601 • Pulse Oximetry <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ O₂ administration per Airway Management Protocol #602 • Place in supine position if tolerated 	<p>Same as Adult</p>
ALS Standing Orders	
<p>SBP < 100 mmHg or other signs of hypotension</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal Saline up to 500 mL IV <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ repeat x1 if hypotension persists • Consider establishing secondary IV access • Consider 12-lead ECG • If shock is due to trauma refer to General Trauma Protocol #660 	<p>Signs of hypotension specific to age – see Universal Protocol #601 Attachment A</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal Saline 20 mL/kg IV/IO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ repeat x1 if hypotension persists • Consider establishing secondary IV access • If shock is due to trauma refer to General Trauma Protocol #660
Base Hospital Orders Only	
<p style="text-align: center;">Non-Hypovolemic Shock</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dopamine 5-20 mcg/kg/min IV/IO infusion OR • Push-Dose Epinephrine 10 mcg/mL 1 mL IV/IO every 1-3 min <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ repeat as needed to maintain SBP >90mmHg ○ <u>See notes for mixing instructions</u> • As needed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As needed
Notes	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mixing Push-Dose Epinephrine 10 mcg/mL (1:100,000): Mix 9 mL of Normal Saline with 1 mL of Cardiac Epinephrine 1:10,000 (0.1 mg/mL), mix well • Consider underlying causes of shock • Use caution with fluid challenges if signs of CHF or history of liver or renal failure • Keep patient warm • Treatable/Reversible considerations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Hypoxemia ○ Tachycardia ○ Bradycardia ○ Hyper/Hypothermia ○ Hypovolemia ○ Altered mental status ○ Fractures/Bleeding/Tension pneumothorax ○ Anaphylaxis ○ Chest pain ○ Overdose 	